## Time: 4 minutes: Closed book, closed notes, no calculator allowed

- 1. Let f(x) be a continuous function on the interval [a, b]. Complete the statements of the two parts of the Fundamental Theorem of Calculus.
  - g'(x) = f(x)(I) If  $g(x) = \int_a^x f(t) dt$ , then
  - $\int_a^b f(x) \, dx = F(b) F(a)$ (II) If F(x) is an antiderivative of f(x), then
- 2. What is the value of G'(4) if

$$G(x) = \int_{1}^{x/2} \frac{1}{t^2 + 1} dt$$
 ?

CIRCLE ONE AND PUT YOUR WORK BELOW

- 1/37(a)
- (b) 1/20
- (c) 1/17
- 1/10 (d)
- (e) 1/5

By the Fundamental Theorem of Calculus and the Chain Rule

$$G'(x) = \frac{1}{\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^2 + 1} \cdot \frac{d}{dx} \left(\frac{x}{2}\right) = \frac{1}{\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^2 + 1} \cdot \frac{1}{2}$$

So

$$G'(4) = \frac{1}{2^2 + 1} \cdot \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{10}$$